

**New Brunswick
Population Report
July 2020**



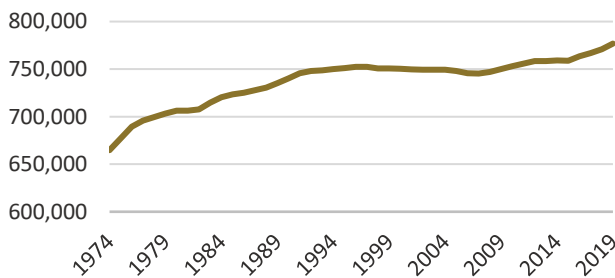
Table of Contents

- Provincial Overview 2
- Components of Population Change 3
 - Overview 3
 - Natural Population Change 4
 - Interprovincial Migration 4
 - International Migration..... 5
- Sub-Provincial Population Estimates 6
 - Overview 6
 - Components of Population Change 6
- Appendices..... 8
 - Appendix A: Population by Community/Municipality – New Brunswick – 2009 to 2019 8
 - Appendix B: Glossary 15

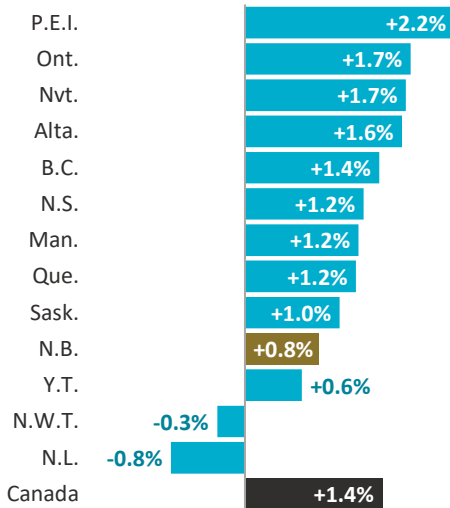
Provincial Overview¹

As of July 1, 2019, New Brunswick’s population was estimated to be approximately 776,827, up 0.8% year-over-year, and up 2.4% since 2015. While population growth in the province has remained relatively modest, for a province that saw very little growth between the early-1990s and 2015, recent trends have represented a significant improvement. Despite these recent positive trends however, New Brunswick remains in a vulnerable position.

Population – New Brunswick



Year-over-Year Population Growth – 2018 to 2019

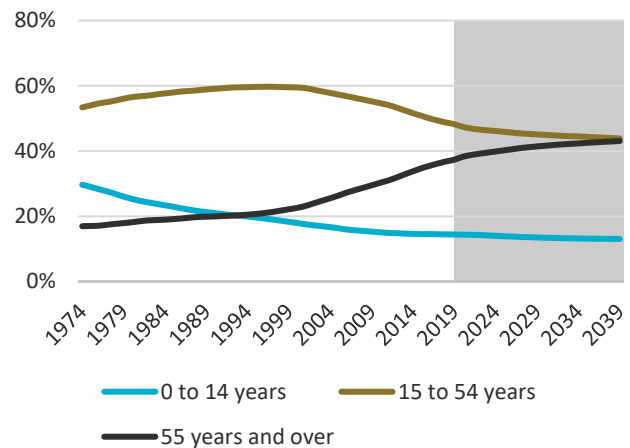


Declining fertility rates, increased life expectancy and the aging of the baby boom generation have all contributed to the dramatic changes that have occurred to the structure of the province’s population over the

past several decades. While this situation is not unique to New Brunswick, these issues have been further compounded in the province by consistently high levels of net out-migration among youth and relatively low immigration levels.

Between 1979 and 2019, the percentage of New Brunswick’s population that was under the age of 15 fell by nearly half (from 26.5% to 14.4%), while the percentage of the population aged 55 years or older more than doubled (from 17.9% to 37.3%). These trends are expected continue going forward (although at a lessening pace). Based on Statistics Canada population projections, the number of individuals aged 55 years or older in New Brunswick is expected to exceed the number of individuals aged 15 to 54 by the early-to-mid 2040s.

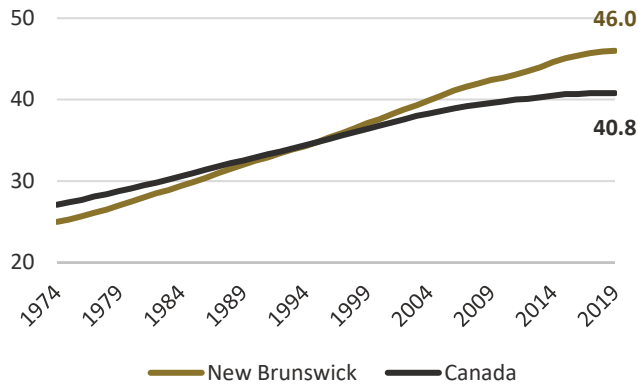
Distribution of Population by Age Group – New Brunswick



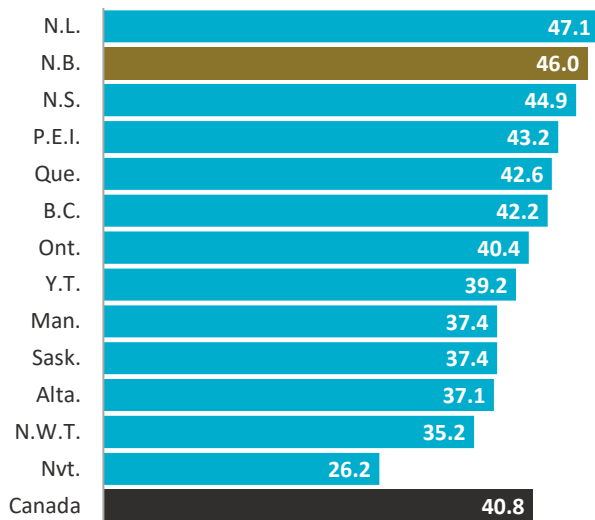
As of 2019, at 46.0 years, New Brunswick’s population had the second highest median age among the provinces and territories, well above the national median of 40.8 years. The median age was slightly higher among New Brunswick’s female population (46.9 years) than its male population (45.0 years); a similar gap was seen across most of the country.

¹ Source(s): Statistics Canada, Annual Demographic Estimates, Table 17-10-0005-01 and Population Projections for Canada, Provinces and Territories, Table 17-10-0057-01.

Median Age – New Brunswick and Canada



Median Age – 2019



Components of Population Change²

Overview

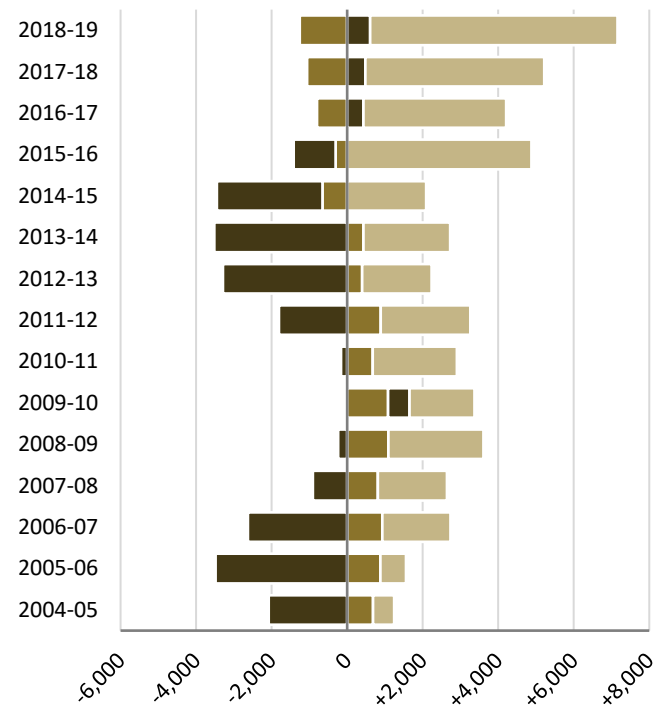
At a provincial level, population change is based on three factors:

- Natural population change (i.e. births minus deaths);
- Interprovincial migration; and
- International migration.

Since the early-2000s international migration has consistently been the main driver of population growth in New Brunswick. This has increasingly become the case in recent years, due to a rise in the number of deaths in the province (due to the aging of the baby boom and pre-baby boom generations), a decrease in the number of births, and immigration levels that have risen considerably.

A graph showing the components of population change in New Brunswick between July 2004 and June 2019 can be found below, while additional details and statistics can be found in the sections that follow.

Components of Population Change – New Brunswick



² Source(s): Statistics Canada, Annual Demographic Estimates, Tables 17-10-0008-01, 17-10-0015-01, 17-10-0014-01 and 17-10-0022-01.

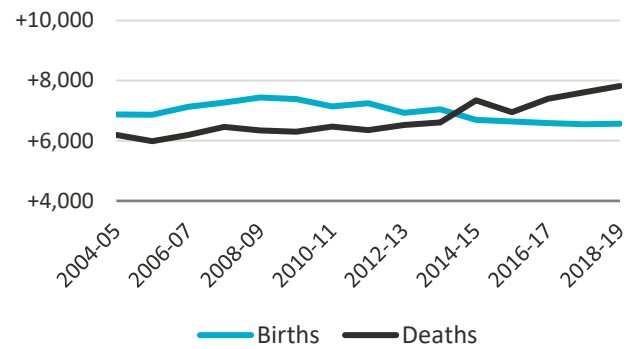
Natural Population Change

After peaking during the baby boom era (1946 to 1965), fertility rates across the country dropped considerably. This shift was due to a number of factors including: contraceptives becoming more effective and readily available, and women participating in higher education and the labour force at greater rates. Since the 1980s, fertility rates have fluctuated slightly, but in general have remained relatively low. Today, based on current fertility rates, women in New Brunswick will give birth to an average of 1.5 children in their lifetimes, well below the replacement level of roughly 2.1 children per woman. Furthermore, while fertility rates in the province have remained fairly consistent in recent years, the number of women of childbearing age has declined, resulting in fewer overall births.

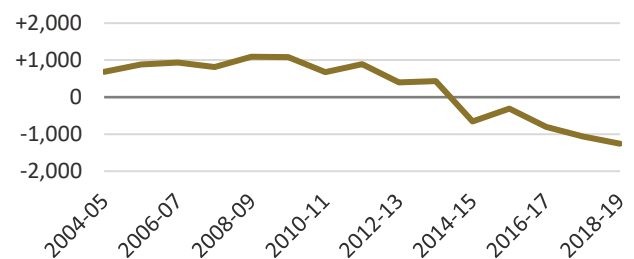
Between July 2018 and June 2019, there were 6,565 births in New Brunswick, a total that was 12% lower than the total seen during this same 12-month period 10 years prior. On the other hand, as the baby boom and pre-baby boom generations have aged into the senior-age category, the number of deaths in the province has increased significantly in recent years. Between July 2018 and June 2019, there were 7,822 deaths in the province, up 23% from the total seen during this same 12-month period 10 years prior.

The number of deaths in the province has now exceeded the number of births in five consecutive years, with this gap expected to continue to grow wider going forward. The other Atlantic Provinces, Newfoundland and Labrador (since 2011-12), Nova Scotia (since 2012-13) and Prince Edward Island (since 2018-19) have also faced natural population declines in recent years.

Births and Deaths – New Brunswick



Natural Population Change (Births Minus Deaths) – New Brunswick



Interprovincial Migration

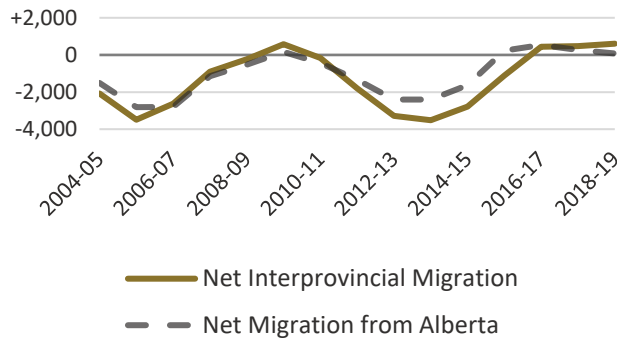
During the ten-year period between July 2009 and June 2019, New Brunswick saw a net total of 10,582 individuals migrate away to other parts of the country (an average of 1,058 individuals annually).

When broken down by age group, it can be seen that the majority of interprovincial losses over this ten-year period were among the youth and core working-age populations, with these losses only being partially offset by net positive interprovincial migration totals for the under-eighteen and 55 and over age categories:

- A net gain of 968 individuals aged -1 to 17
- A net loss of 9,495 individuals aged 18 to 24
- A net loss of 5,251 individuals aged 25 to 54
- A net gain of 3,196 individuals aged 55 and over

In contrast to these longer-term trends however, New Brunswick has now seen net positive interprovincial migration levels in three consecutive years, in large part due to the recent economic downturn in Alberta. In general, interprovincial migration trends in New Brunswick are quite cyclical in nature and are largely dependent on the relative economic conditions of other provinces (particularly Alberta).

Net Interprovincial Migration – New Brunswick

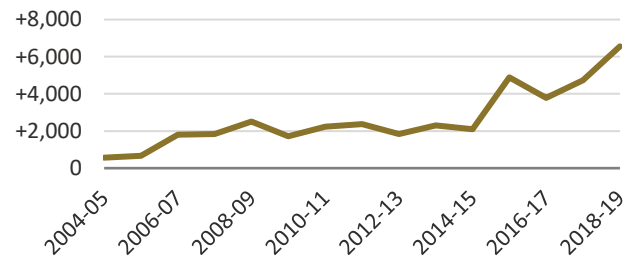


International Migration

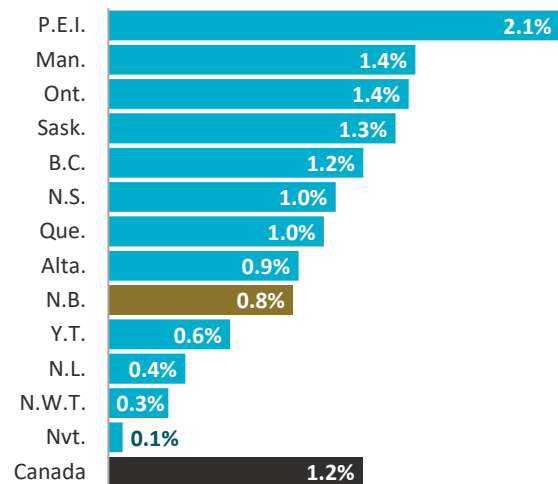
While international migration levels in New Brunswick have historically been quite low, they have increased significantly in recent years. After typically hovering around 2,000 between the mid-2000s and mid-2010s, international migration levels in New Brunswick saw a significant spike, with a net total of 4,880 international migrants moving to the province between July 2015 and June 2016 (in part driven by a large influx of Syrian refugees). Since that time, levels have continued to rise, with the province gaining 6,557 international migrants between July 2018 and June 2019. This represented 0.8% of New Brunswick’s 2019 population. Despite these recent increases, international migration levels in

the province remain relatively low compared to those in many of the other provinces.

Net International Migration – New Brunswick



Net International Migration in 2018-19 as a Percentage of Population



While the vast majority of these individuals moving to New Brunswick are immigrants (i.e. individuals being granted the right to live in Canada permanently), there has also been a considerable increase to the number of non-permanent residents (e.g. international students, temporary foreign workers, etc.) living in the province in recent years.

Components of Net International Migration – New Brunswick

	2009-10 to 2014-15 Avg.	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
Immigration	2,215	4,458	3,448	4,116	5,076
Net Non-Permanent Residents	164	815	594	886	1,752
Net Emigration	-288	-393	-264	-265	-271
Net International Migration	2,091	4,880	3,778	4,737	6,557

Sub-Provincial Population Estimates³

Overview

In recent years, New Brunswick's population growth has been largely concentrated in or around the cities of Moncton and Fredericton. Between 2009 and 2019, the Greater Moncton and Greater Fredericton areas saw their populations grow by 14.4% and 14.1% respectively.

Population Change Between 2009 and 2019 by CMA/CA – New Brunswick

	2009	2019	% Change
Greater Moncton	136,211	155,825	+14.4%
Greater Saint John	128,691	131,025	+1.8%
Greater Fredericton	96,273	109,883	+14.1%
Greater Bathurst	32,367	31,683	-2.1%
Greater Miramichi	28,503	28,000	-1.8%
Greater Edmundston	24,023	24,052	+0.1%
Greater Campbellton	14,187	13,019	-8.2%
Other N.B.	289,701	283,340	-2.2%

While the greater Fredericton and Moncton areas accounted for a significant portion of the province's population growth, many other communities also saw growth during this time, including:

- Shediac +25.7% (5,832 to 7,331)
- Cap-Pelé: +14.6% (2,284 to 2,617)
- Oromocto: +12.2% (8,761 to 9,832)
- Quispamsis: +10.3% (17,195 to 18,970)

In contrast, other communities saw significant population losses during this time, including:

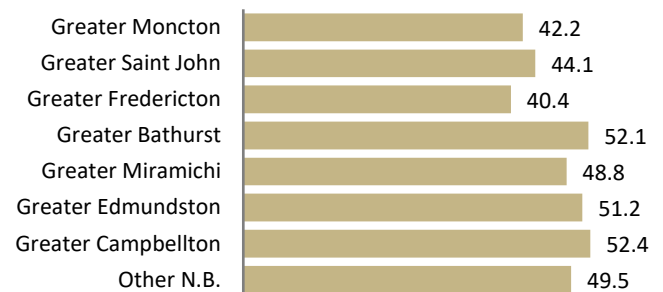
- Saint-Joseph: -22.0% (1,982 to 1,546)
- Belledune: -16.7% (1,602 to 1,335)
- Dalhousie: -12.6% (3,565 to 3,117)
- Southesk: -12.5% (1,925 to 1,684)

In general, communities in northern and/or rural parts of the province saw the greatest losses. A table with population estimates by community can be found in Appendix A.

Components of Population Change

While at a provincial level, the annual number of deaths has now exceeded the annual number of births in five consecutive years, this is not the case for some parts of the province. In the Greater Moncton and Greater Fredericton regions, relatively high immigration levels, coupled with significant in-migration from other parts of the province, have served to slow population aging enough in these areas to a point where these areas are still seeing modest natural population growth.

Median Age by CMA/CA – New Brunswick – 2019



On the other hand, relatively low immigration levels coupled with high rates of youth out-migration have led many northern and/or rural parts of the province to see their populations age rapidly. As a result, the number of deaths occurring in these areas now far exceeds the number of births. Despite all these factors, some of the province's more rural areas have seen these losses largely cancelled out by a recent influx of interprovincial in-migrants. Throughout the four-year period between July 2015 and June 2019, a net total of 2,358 individuals moved from other parts of Canada to communities outside of the province's seven main centres (as listed in the graph above). These individuals tended to be significantly older (more than two-thirds were aged 50 years or older) than the population of individuals that were moving away to other parts of the province. A significant portion of these individuals were moving from either Ontario or Alberta.

³ Source(s): Statistics Canada, Annual Demographic Estimates, Tables 17-10-0135-01, 17-10-0136-01 and 17-10-0142-01.

Components of Population Change by CMA/CA – N.B.

	2009-10 to 2014-15 Avg.	2015-16	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19
Greater Moncton					
Natural Population Change	+447	+298	+205	+162	+129
Net Intraprovincial Migration	+831	+688	+565	+345	+341
Net Interprovincial Migration	-89	-287	+131	+182	+262
Net International Migration	+689	+1,583	+1,121	+1,580	+2,335
Greater Saint John					
Natural Population Change	+166	+95	-114	-159	-196
Net Intraprovincial Migration	-74	-202	+150	-25	-30
Net Interprovincial Migration	-679	-476	-164	-13	-34
Net International Migration	+442	+1,134	+710	+921	+1,053
Greater Fredericton					
Natural Population Change	+351	+321	+267	+237	+218
Net Intraprovincial Migration	+745	+964	+486	+638	+565
Net Interprovincial Migration	-423	-718	-278	-377	-436
Net International Migration	+652	+1,324	+1,206	+1,394	+1,576
Greater Bathurst					
Natural Population Change	-84	-130	-123	-130	-135
Net Intraprovincial Migration	-128	-177	+2	-40	-39
Net Interprovincial Migration	-88	+47	+10	+72	+34
Net International Migration	+33	+92	+75	+65	+204
Natural Population Change	-84	-130	-123	-130	-135
Greater Miramichi					
Natural Population Change	-49	-90	-85	-97	-102
Net Intraprovincial Migration	-103	+10	-49	-72	-44
Net Interprovincial Migration	-21	-25	+41	+71	+77
Net International Migration	+7	+20	+25	+105	+97
Greater Edmundston					
Natural Population Change	-50	-133	-81	-90	-96
Net Intraprovincial Migration	-40	+7	+33	+43	+20
Net Interprovincial Migration	-56	-66	+19	-14	-28
Net International Migration	+12	+107	+64	+68	+151
Greater Campbellton					
Natural Population Change	-70	-100	-78	-81	-88
Net Intraprovincial Migration	-63	-15	-96	-80	-63
Net Interprovincial Migration	-22	-21	+51	-4	-6
Net International Migration	+7	+9	+22	+37	+49
Other New Brunswick					
Natural Population Change	-241	-568	-791	-901	-987
Net Intraprovincial Migration	-1,169	-1,275	-1,091	-809	-750
Net Interprovincial Migration	-455	+433	+624	+564	+737
Net International Migration	+250	+611	+555	+567	+1,092

Appendices

Appendix A: Population by Community/Municipality – New Brunswick – 2009 to 2019⁴

Geography Name	Municipality Type	Population 2009	Population 2019	% Change (2009-2019)
Albert County				
Alma	Village	261	218	-16.5%
Alma	Parish	2	5	+150.0%
Coverdale	Parish	4,372	4,611	+5.5%
Elgin	Parish	978	942	-3.7%
Harvey	Parish	387	341	-11.9%
Hillsborough	Parish	1,447	1,346	-7.0%
Hillsborough	Village	1,349	1,263	-6.4%
Hopewell	Parish	687	663	-3.5%
Riverside-Albert	Village	342	358	+4.7%
Riverview	Town	18,913	20,304	+7.4%
Carleton County				
Aberdeen	Parish	986	793	-19.6%
Bath	Village	546	465	-14.8%
Brighton	Parish	1,824	1,765	-3.2%
Centreville	Village	541	546	+0.9%
Florenceville-Bristol	Town	1,623	1,631	+0.5%
Hartland	Town	951	999	+5.0%
Kent	Parish	2,348	2,136	-9.0%
Northampton	Parish	1,755	1,755	0.0%
Peel	Parish	1,268	1,224	-3.5%
Richmond	Parish	1,416	1,326	-6.4%
Simonds	Parish	543	481	-11.4%
Wakefield	Parish	2,818	2,819	+0.0%
Wicklow	Parish	1,744	1,667	-4.4%
Wilmot	Parish	1,136	986	-13.2%
Woodstock	Parish	2,194	2,277	+3.8%
Woodstock	Town	5,286	5,397	+2.1%
Woodstock 23	First Nations community	364	356	-2.2%
Charlotte County				
Blacks Harbour	Village	975	916	-6.1%
Campobello Island	Rural community	999	861	-13.8%
Clarendon	Parish	60	64	+6.7%
Dufferin	Parish	560	587	+4.8%
Dumbarton	Parish	371	343	-7.5%
Grand Manan	Parish	177	148	-16.4%
Grand Manan	Village	2,419	2,541	+5.0%
Lepreau	Parish	787	748	-5.0%
Pennfield	Parish	2,291	2,216	-3.3%
Saint Andrews	Parish	599	566	-5.5%
Saint Andrews	Town	1,881	1,832	-2.6%
Saint Croix	Parish	647	672	+3.9%
Saint David	Parish	1,583	1,564	-1.2%

⁴ Source(s): Statistics Canada, Annual Demographic Estimates, Table 17-10-0142-01.

Geography Name	Municipality Type	Population 2009	Population 2019	% Change (2009-2019)
Charlotte County – Continued				
Saint George	Parish	2,549	2,424	-4.9%
Saint James	Parish	1,279	1,231	-3.8%
Saint Patrick	Parish	680	704	+3.5%
Saint Stephen	Parish	2,058	1,882	-8.6%
St. George	Town	1,524	1,530	+0.4%
St. Stephen	Town	4,843	4,516	-6.8%
West Isles	Parish	743	735	-1.1%
Gloucester County				
Bathurst	Parish	5,113	4,809	-5.9%
Bathurst	City	12,637	12,087	-4.4%
Beresford	Parish	6,399	6,377	-0.3%
Beresford	Town	4,436	4,366	-1.6%
Bertrand	Village	1,177	1,133	-3.7%
Caraquet	Parish	1,409	1,308	-7.2%
Caraquet	Town	4,152	4,211	+1.4%
Grande-Anse	Village	745	899	+20.7%
Inkerman	Parish	2,368	2,360	-0.3%
Lamèque	Town	1,456	1,275	-12.4%
Le Goulet	Village	861	780	-9.4%
Maisonnette	Village	565	488	-13.6%
New Bandon	Parish	1,275	1,227	-3.8%
Nigadoo	Village	947	965	+1.9%
Pabineau 11	First Nations community	135	135	0.0%
Paquetville	Parish	2,498	2,345	-6.1%
Paquetville	Village	678	723	+6.6%
Petit-Rocher	Village	1,928	1,916	-0.6%
Pointe-Verte	Village	970	885	-8.8%
Sainte-Marie-Saint-Raphaël	Village	977	856	-12.4%
Saint-Isidore	Parish	1,356	1,349	-0.5%
Saint-Isidore	Village	763	773	+1.3%
Saint-Léolin	Village	688	623	-9.4%
Shippagan	Parish	5,179	4,682	-9.6%
Shippagan	Town	2,666	2,628	-1.4%
Tracadie	Regional municipality	16,037	16,308	+1.7%
Kent County				
Acadieville	Parish	800	709	-11.4%
Bouctouche	Town	2,431	2,416	-0.6%
Bouctouche 16	First Nations community	88	99	+12.5%
Carleton	Parish	826	722	-12.6%
Cocagne	Rural community	2,584	2,719	+5.2%
Dundas	Parish	4,002	3,965	-0.9%
Harcourt	Parish	408	352	-13.7%
Huskinson	Parish	34	15	-55.9%
Indian Island 28	First Nations community	100	141	+41.0%
Rexton	Village	872	887	+1.7%
Richibucto	Parish	2,007	1,951	-2.8%
Richibucto	Town	1,295	1,295	0.0%
Richibucto 15	First Nations community	1,968	2,081	+5.7%

Geography Name	Municipality Type	Population 2009	Population 2019	% Change (2009-2019)
Kent County – Continued				
Saint Mary	Parish	2,054	2,076	+1.1%
Saint-Antoine	Village	1,696	1,768	+4.2%
Saint-Charles	Parish	2,069	1,999	-3.4%
Saint-Louis	Parish	1,817	1,837	+1.1%
Saint-Louis de Kent	Village	933	927	-0.6%
Saint-Paul	Parish	830	834	+0.5%
Weldford	Parish	1,358	1,366	+0.6%
Wellington	Parish	3,145	3,155	+0.3%
Kings County				
Cardwell	Parish	1,450	1,332	-8.1%
Grand Bay-Westfield	Town	5,138	4,968	-3.3%
Greenwich	Parish	1,056	1,082	+2.5%
Hammond	Parish	313	256	-18.2%
Hampton	Parish	2,757	2,877	+4.4%
Hampton	Town	4,259	4,333	+1.7%
Havelock	Parish	1,178	1,085	-7.9%
Kars	Parish	423	332	-21.5%
Kingston	Parish	2,979	2,981	+0.1%
Norton	Parish	1,272	1,328	+4.4%
Norton	Village	1,314	1,417	+7.8%
Quispamsis	Town	17,195	18,970	+10.3%
Rothsay	Parish	360	347	-3.6%
Rothsay	Town	11,914	11,940	+0.2%
Springfield	Parish	1,626	1,560	-4.1%
Studholm	Parish	3,599	3,607	+0.2%
Sussex	Parish	2,501	2,478	-0.9%
Sussex	Town	4,306	4,406	+2.3%
Sussex Corner	Village	1,444	1,492	+3.3%
Upham	Parish	1,310	1,299	-0.8%
Waterford	Parish	477	466	-2.3%
Westfield	Parish	2,085	2,052	-1.6%
Madawaska County				
Baker Brook	Parish	243	283	+16.5%
Baker-Brook	Village	600	581	-3.2%
Clair	Parish	287	303	+5.6%
Clair	Village	831	792	-4.7%
Edmundston	City	16,461	16,959	+3.0%
Lac Baker	Village	712	660	-7.3%
Lac-Baker	Parish	14	5	-64.3%
Madawaska	Parish	4	10	+150.0%
Notre-Dame-de-Lourdes	Parish	289	288	-0.3%
Rivière-Verte	Village	747	763	+2.1%
Rivière-Verte	Parish	741	722	-2.6%
Saint-André	Parish	1,142	1,089	-4.6%
Saint-André	Rural community	824	766	-7.0%
Saint-Basile	Parish	751	603	-19.7%
Sainte-Anne	Parish	993	980	-1.3%
Sainte-Anne-de-Madawaska	Village	1,029	972	-5.5%

Geography Name	Municipality Type	Population 2009	Population 2019	% Change (2009-2019)
Madawaska County – Continued				
Saint-François	Parish	689	616	-10.6%
Saint-François de Madawaska	Village	557	458	-17.8%
Saint-Hilaire	Parish	504	492	-2.4%
Saint-Jacques	Parish	1,614	1,616	+0.1%
Saint-Joseph	Parish	1,982	1,546	-22.0%
Saint-Léonard	Parish	1,049	993	-5.3%
Saint-Léonard	Town	1,329	1,339	+0.8%
St. Basile 10	First Nations community	193	218	+13.0%
St. Hilaire	Village	281	284	+1.1%
Northumberland County				
Alnwick	Parish	3,860	3,707	-4.0%
Big Hole Tract 8 (South Half)	First Nations community	47	49	+4.3%
Blackville	Parish	2,289	2,058	-10.1%
Blackville	Village	974	969	-0.5%
Blissfield	Parish	526	456	-13.3%
Chatham	Parish	512	515	+0.6%
Derby	Parish	1,031	986	-4.4%
Doaktown	Village	845	791	-6.4%
Eel Ground 2	First Nations community	473	573	+21.1%
Esgenoôpetitj 14	First Nations community	1,060	1,296	+22.3%
Glenelg	Parish	1,625	1,573	-3.2%
Hardwicke	Parish	2,378	2,139	-10.1%
Miramichi	City	18,044	17,823	-1.2%
Neguac	Village	1,646	1,798	+9.2%
Nelson	Parish	895	947	+5.8%
Newcastle	Parish	1,226	1,150	-6.2%
Northesk	Parish	2,401	2,275	-5.2%
Red Bank 4	First Nations community	373	316	-15.3%
Rogersville	Parish	1,200	1,091	-9.1%
Rogersville	Village	1,167	1,162	-0.4%
Southesk	Parish	1,925	1,684	-12.5%
Tabusintac 9	First Nations community	10	10	0.0%
Upper Miramichi	Rural community	2,406	2,172	-9.7%
Alnwick	Parish	3,860	3,707	-4.0%
Big Hole Tract 8 (South Half)	First Nations community	47	49	+4.3%
Blackville	Parish	2,289	2,058	-10.1%
Blackville	Village	974	969	-0.5%
Blissfield	Parish	526	456	-13.3%
Chatham	Parish	512	515	+0.6%
Derby	Parish	1,031	986	-4.4%
Doaktown	Village	845	791	-6.4%
Eel Ground 2	First Nations community	473	573	+21.1%
Esgenoôpetitj 14	First Nations community	1,060	1,296	+22.3%
Glenelg	Parish	1,625	1,573	-3.2%
Hardwicke	Parish	2,378	2,139	-10.1%
Miramichi	City	18,044	17,823	-1.2%
Neguac	Village	1,646	1,798	+9.2%
Nelson	Parish	895	947	+5.8%
Newcastle	Parish	1,226	1,150	-6.2%

Geography Name	Municipality Type	Population 2009	Population 2019	% Change (2009-2019)
Northumberland County – Continued				
Northesk	Parish	2,401	2,275	-5.2%
Red Bank 4	First Nations community	373	316	-15.3%
Rogersville	Parish	1,200	1,091	-9.1%
Rogersville	Village	1,167	1,162	-0.4%
Southesk	Parish	1,925	1,684	-12.5%
Tabusintac 9	First Nations community	10	10	0.0%
Upper Miramichi	Rural community	2,406	2,172	-9.7%
Queens County				
Brunswick	Parish	207	201	-2.9%
Cambridge	Parish	670	646	-3.6%
Cambridge-Narrows	Village	654	551	-15.7%
Canning	Parish	946	921	-2.6%
Chipman	Parish	984	898	-8.7%
Chipman	Village	1,226	1,079	-12.0%
Gagetown	Parish	309	315	+1.9%
Gagetown	Village	722	709	-1.8%
Hampstead	Parish	299	287	-4.0%
Johnston	Parish	663	550	-17.0%
Minto	Village	2,543	2,226	-12.5%
Petersville	Parish	728	674	-7.4%
Waterborough	Parish	859	832	-3.1%
Wickham	Parish	432	396	-8.3%
Restigouche County				
Addington	Parish	736	656	-10.9%
Atholville	Village	3,856	3,589	-6.9%
Balmoral	Parish	265	279	+5.3%
Balmoral	Village	1,778	1,700	-4.4%
Belledune	Village	1,602	1,335	-16.7%
Campbellton	City	7,398	6,887	-6.9%
Charlo	Village	1,355	1,306	-3.6%
Colborne	Parish	214	226	+5.6%
Dalhousie	Parish	1,120	1,081	-3.5%
Dalhousie	Town	3,565	3,117	-12.6%
Durham	Parish	1,244	1,074	-13.7%
Eel River 3	First Nations community	326	365	+12.0%
Eel River Crossing	Village	2,031	1,925	-5.2%
Eldon	Parish	729	672	-7.8%
Indian Ranch	First Nations community	54	89	+64.8%
Kedgwick	Rural community	2,138	1,969	-7.9%
Saint-Quentin	Parish	1,498	1,570	+4.8%
Saint-Quentin	Town	2,171	2,171	0.0%
Tide Head	Village	1,071	898	-16.2%
Saint John County				
Musquash	Parish	1,165	1,229	+5.5%
Saint John	City	70,279	70,817	+0.8%
Saint Martins	Parish	1,179	1,181	+0.2%
Simonds	Parish	3,818	3,970	+4.0%
St. Martins	Village	348	287	-17.5%

Geography Name	Municipality Type	Population 2009	Population 2019	% Change (2009-2019)
Sunbury County				
Blissville	Parish	915	789	-13.8%
Burton	Parish	5,328	5,232	-1.8%
Fredericton Junction	Village	712	724	+1.7%
Gladstone	Parish	514	477	-7.2%
Lincoln	Parish	6,286	7,696	+22.4%
Maugerville	Parish	1,803	1,900	+5.4%
Northfield	Parish	697	609	-12.6%
Oromocto	Town	8,761	9,832	+12.2%
Oromocto 26	First Nations community	294	298	+1.4%
Sheffield	Parish	868	841	-3.1%
Tracy	Village	631	647	+2.5%
Victoria County				
Andover	Parish	913	900	-1.4%
Aroostook	Village	338	304	-10.1%
Denmark	Parish	1,646	1,466	-10.9%
Drummond	Parish	2,200	2,167	-1.5%
Drummond	Village	800	733	-8.4%
Gordon	Parish	1,651	1,483	-10.2%
Grand Falls / Grand-Sault	Parish	1,190	1,078	-9.4%
Grand Falls / Grand-Sault	Town	5,806	5,228	-10.0%
Lorne	Parish	558	459	-17.7%
Perth	Parish	1,140	1,073	-5.9%
Perth-Andover	Village	1,789	1,583	-11.5%
Plaster Rock	Village	1,142	1,016	-11.0%
Tobique 20	First Nations community	977	967	-1.0%
Westmorland County				
Beaubassin East / Beaubassin-est	Rural community	6,242	6,787	+8.7%
Botsford	Parish	1,117	1,093	-2.1%
Cap-Pelé	Village	2,284	2,617	+14.6%
Dieppe	City	21,875	27,993	+28.0%
Dorchester	Village	1,183	1,200	+1.4%
Dorchester	Parish	468	461	-1.5%
Fort Folly 1	First Nations community	47	43	-8.5%
Memramcook	Village	4,841	4,949	+2.2%
Moncton	City	67,835	77,623	+14.4%
Moncton	Parish	9,188	10,651	+15.9%
Petitcodiac	Village	1,392	1,433	+2.9%
Port Elgin	Village	403	394	-2.2%
Sackville	Parish	1,312	1,192	-9.1%
Sackville	Town	5,627	5,705	+1.4%
Salisbury	Village	2,192	2,326	+6.1%
Salisbury	Parish	3,452	3,419	-1.0%
Shediac	Parish	4,921	5,182	+5.3%
Shediac	Town	5,832	7,331	+25.7%
Westmorland	Parish	981	930	-5.2%

Geography Name	Municipality Type	Population 2009	Population 2019	% Change (2009-2019)
York County				
Bright	Parish	3,144	3,512	+11.7%
Canterbury	Parish	593	594	+0.2%
Canterbury	Village	361	365	+1.1%
Devon 30	First Nations community	840	1,113	+32.5%
Douglas	Parish	6,028	6,576	+9.1%
Dumfries	Parish	375	360	-4.0%
Fredericton	City	54,850	63,326	+15.5%
Hanwell	Rural community	4,598	5,023	+9.2%
Harvey	Village	365	382	+4.7%
Kingsclear	Parish	2,576	3,014	+17.0%
Kingsclear 6	First Nations community	475	525	+10.5%
Manners Sutton	Parish	1,851	1,895	+2.4%
McAdam	Village	1,301	1,197	-8.0%
McAdam	Parish	47	77	+63.8%
Meductic	Village	199	228	+14.6%
Millville	Village	308	290	-5.8%
Nackawic	Town	1,023	1,001	-2.2%
New Maryland	Parish	2,359	2,781	+17.9%
New Maryland	Village	4,314	4,159	-3.6%
North Lake	Parish	264	246	-6.8%
Prince William	Parish	885	981	+10.8%
Queensbury	Parish	1,259	1,255	-0.3%
Saint Marys	Parish	4,561	5,163	+13.2%
Southampton	Parish	1,584	1,581	-0.2%
Stanley	Parish	929	830	-10.7%
Stanley	Village	427	432	+1.2%

Appendix B: Glossary⁵

Baby Boom Generation: Individuals born between 1946 and 1965 (following World War II).

Census Metropolitan Areas (CMAs) and Census Agglomerations (CAs): Large urban areas (known as urban cores) together with adjacent urban and rural areas that have a high degree of social and economic integration with the urban cores. A census metropolitan area (CMA) has an urban core population of at least 100,000 and a census agglomeration (CA) has an urban core population between 10,000 and 99,999 based on the previous census. As of 2019, there were seven CMA/CAs in New Brunswick: Moncton, Saint John, Fredericton, Bathurst, Campbellton, Miramichi and Edmundston.

International Migration: Movement of population between Canada and a foreign country which involves a change of the usual place of residence. A distinction is made with regard to immigrants, emigrants, returning emigrants, net temporary emigration, and net non-permanent residents.

Interprovincial Migration: Movement of population from one province or territory to another, involving a change in usual place of residence. Net interprovincial migration is the difference between the number of in-migrants and the number of out-migrants.

Intraprovincial Migration: Movement from one region to another within the same province or territory involving a permanent change of residence.

Median Age: The exact age where half the population is older, and half is younger.

Replacement-Level Fertility: The number of children per woman necessary for the population to replace itself taking into account mortality between birth and age 15, and in the absence of migration.

⁵ Source: Statistics Canada